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# TANTA UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF SCIENCE DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

EXAMINATION FOR LEVEL FOUR STUDENTS (SEMESTER 1) OF CHEMISTRY/BIOCHEMISTRY, BOTANY, MICROBIOLOGY, ZOOLOGY, OR GEOLOGY

Course Title:

**BIOINORGANIC CHEMISTRY** 

Course Code: CH4159

DATE 27/12/2017

TERM: First

Total assessment marks: 50

Time Allowed: 2 HOUR

# Answer the following questions with short notes

#### Question 1

# Discuss each of the following:

(15 marks)

- 1- Biosynthesis and secretion of iodine containing thyroid hormone.
- 2- Regulation of blood pH.
- 3- Role of parathyroid hormone (PTH) in Calcium regulation.

#### Question 2:

Determine the biological function of each of the following elements:

(10 marks)

1- Copper

2-lodine

3-Calcium

4- Chlorine

5- Iron

# Question 3:

# Explain the following:

(10 Marks)

- (A) Factors affecting on the protein-metal crystallizations
- (B) Factors affecting on metal toxicity
- (C) Factors affecting on stability of metalloproteins
- (D) The role of metal ions in enzymatic catalysis
- (F) Properties of metals to be used as radiodiagnostic tracer



Page 1 of 2 انظر خلفة

				(5)					
	•		Tanta University						
(A)	Faculty of Science								
	Department of Zoology								
	Entomology Branch								
	Exam for seniorstudents of Chemistry/Entomology								
	Course title:	Ecology of متين	fresh water insects الأسئلة في صف	Course code: EN 4149					
DATE:	January, 2018	Term: first	Total marks:100	Time allowed: 2 hours					

# Answer the following questions in your answer booklet: Part I (48 marks)

#### 1. Choose the correct answer from between the brackets (Total 15 Marks, each 1.5):

- 1.1. (Lotic lentic) ecosystem are like rivers, streams and creeks.
- 1.2. The (littoral limnetic profundal) zone is open water where photosynthesis can occur.
- 1.3. Near the river (head mouth middle), the water becomes dark from all the sediments that picked up upstream.
- 1.4. Much care should be considered before impounding a river to create (swamps estuary factories).
- 1.5. Aquatic insect assays are used to study (pesticide effect resistance mode of action all of these).
- 1.6. (Bogs –ponds marshes) are shallow enough for light to penetrate the bottom enabling lots of plant growth.
- 1.7. (Lakes Oceans) have several zones such as intertidal, pelagic, abyssal and benthic.
- 1.8. (Wetland Marsh Watershed) describes an area of land that contains a set of streams drains into a single river.
- 1.9. In the river (head mouth), water has higher oxygen levels, and freshwater fish such as trout and heterotrophs can be found there.
- 1.10. The (intertidal rove beetle shore bristletail)is a small predatory beetle that builds burrows in the sand

2.	Fill in the blanks	with the appropriate	words (Total 18 Marks,	<u>each blank 1.5)</u>
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- 2.1. Zooplanktons are small ...... or metazoans that feed on other phytoplanktons.
- 2.2. Chemical analysis gives.....information on the water quality.
- 2.4. Nekton refers to the actively swimming aquatic organisms in a body of water, such as ......and ......
- 2.5. ...... are coastal wetlands that occur in bays and estuaries across tropical and subtropical regions.
- 2.6. Estuaries are sometimes called ...... habitats for many juvenile organisms, especially for fishes.
- 2.7. ..... are shallow wetlands along rivers.
- 2.8. Vegetation and animals living in the littoral zone are food for other creatures such as ......, snakes, and ......
- 2.9. The profundal zone is chiefly inhabited by ......

#### 3. Indicate if the statements are true or false with correction (Total 15 Marks, each 1.5):

- 3.1. Lakes may exist for short time in the year.
- 3.2. Freshwater swamps are the ideal habitat for many amphibians, such as the frogs and salamanders.
- 3.3. Measurements of the richness and diversity of aquatic insect species provide information about the chemical and physical characters of their environment.
- 3.4. Bar-built estuary occur when the rising seas invaded low-lying coastal river valleys.



# TANTA UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF SCIENCE CHEMISTRY DEPARTMENT

#### FINAL EXAM FOR SENIOR STUDENTS (DOUBLE MAJORS)

DATE: JANUARY 01, 2018 TERM: FIRST TOTAL ASSESSMENT MARKS: 50 2 HOURS

#### **Question 1:**

1) Compare between each pair of the followings:

(9 Marks)

- a) Properties of diamond and graphite.
- b) Commodity and fine chemicals (with examples).
- c) SMR and POX.

2) Show with diagram only the extraction of sulfur.

(2 Marks)

3) Write the uses of hypochlorous acid.

(2 Marks)

#### **Question 2:**

1) Show only by equations:

(8 Marks)

- a) Synthesis of diamond.
- b) Hydrogenation and oxidation steps for the manufacture of hydrogen peroxide.
- c) Ostwald process.
- d) Urea process for the synthesis of hydrazine.
- 2) Give reasons for the followings:

(4 Marks)

- a) Addition of carbon and silica during the manufacture of white phosphorous.
- b) Addition of superheated water during the extraction of sulfur.

#### Question 3:

1) Give a brief account on the most common types of dyes with chemical structures of each kind. (4 Marks)

2) Compare in a short notes between:

(4 Marks)

a) Edible and inedible fats

b) Saponification value and iodine number

Please turn over



Examiners: Prof. Ahmed Elbarbary
Dr. Mohamed Sadek

Prof. Nadia Elwakeel Dr. Wael A. Amer

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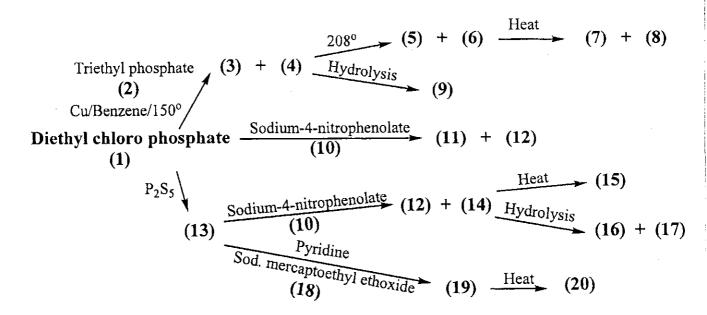


Tanta University, Faculty of Science, Chemistry Department									
	Examination for Fourth Level (Credit Hours) Students								
	Course Title	Chemistry of Pesticides	Course Code: CH4119						
Date:	Date: 3 January 2018 Total Assessment Marks: 50 Time Allowed								

#### I) Discuss each of the followings (10 Marks):

- a) Metabolism of carbofuran.
- b) Merits and demerits of organophosphorous compounds as pesticides.

#### II) Complete the following scheme and name all the products (10 Marks):



#### III) Write one method to prepare the following pesticides (10 Marks):

a) Nornicotin

b) Ethylchlorobenzilate

c) Chlordan

- d) Bis-(p-chlorophenoxy) methane
- e) Sodium fluosilicate

# IV) Complete the following chemical equations and name all the products (10 Marks):

- a) 4-Chlorobenzaldehyde + Nitroethane  $\rightarrow$  A --Chlorobenzene $\rightarrow$  B
- b) Trichloro acetaldehyde + Chlorobenzene --c. H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>→ C --Drastic nitration→ D
- c) DDT —alc.KOH→ E —Hydrolysis→ F
- d) DDT --Zn dust/EtOH→ G --alc.KOH/300°→ H
- e) Carbaryl —epoxidation I —hydrolysis J

### V) Carryout the following conversions (10 Marks):

- a) DDT to 1,1-bis(4-chlorophenyl)ethene
- b) Acetylene to aldrin
- c) Mercuric bromide to alkyl mercuric hydroxide
- d) Ethanol to methoxychlor
- e) Carbon disulfide to ferric dialkyl dithiocarbamate

Dr. Mohamed Azaam

Dr. Atif El-Gharably

		FA CHE	ANTA UNIVERSITY CULTY OF SCIENCE MISTRY DEPARTMENT FOR CRDIT HOUR STUDENT	S
1069	COURSE TITLE:	LASER CHEMI	STRY (CH4113- DOUBLE)	TIME ALLOWED:
DATE: 11-1-2018		TERM: FIRST	TOTAL ASSESSMENT MARKS: 50	1-3

Answer each of the following question	ns:
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Answer each of the following questions:
1- Complete each of the following: (2 marks for each).
(i) Laser characteristics:,,,
(ii) Principle components of laser:,,,
(iii)Intensity of coherent light I = and for incoherent light I =
(iv) The advantages of proton transfer dye laser are:,
(v) Pulsed lasers are used in and the main requirement for laser generation are
8

- 2- Give the reason for each of the following: (2 Marks for each).
  - Keto compounds are good triplet sensitizers (i)
  - HClO4 is used to acidify the laser media instead of HCl (ii)
  - (iii) Emission spectrum of most compound occurs from S<sub>1</sub> state
  - Large Stokes shift is useful for laser generation from dyes (iv)
  - Electronic absorption spectrum of benzophenone dispersed in (v) polymethylmethacrylate extends from 320 to 750 nm
- 3- (a)-Suggest the excitation source and output laser emission from the following: (4 Marks).
  - (i) He Ne laser
- (ii) chemical lasers
- (iii) CO<sub>2</sub> laser
- (iv) dye lasers
- (b)- Explain what happens when a photon interacts with an atom (6 Marks)
- 4- Define or explain each of the following: (2.5 Marks for each).
  - (i) Advantages of excitation spectoscopy
  - (ii) Photodynamic therapy by singlet oxygen
  - **Detection of Salmonella by MUCAP** (iii)
  - Removal of H2S by photons (iv)
- 5- Only draw and label each of the following: (2 Marks for each)
  - Jablonski diagram for photophysics of molecular oxygen (i)
  - (ii) Energy levels in excimer lasers
  - Energy levels in salicylamide as a proton transfer dye lasers (iii)
  - Energy diagram for flash photolysis operation (iv)
  - Energy diagram of some possible processes in thermal lensing in (v) detection of singlet oxygen

أ.د. الزينى عبيد

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		Ţ	ANTA UNIVERSITY					
		FA	CULTY OF SCIENCE					
0		CHEMISTRY DEPARTMENT						
		FINAL EXAM	FOR CRDIT HOUR STUDENT	'S				
1969	COURSE TITLE:	LASER CHEM	STRY (CH4113- DOUBLE)	TIME ALLOWED:				
DATE:	E: 11-1-2018	TERM: FIRST	TOTAL ASSESSMENT MARKS: 50	120 MINS 1-3				

Answer	each	of	the	follov	ving	questions:
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Ans	wer each of the following questions:
1-	Complete each of the following: (2 marks for each).
	(i) Laser characteristics:,,,
	(ii) Principle components of laser:,,,
	(iii)Intensity of coherent light I = and for incoherent light I =
	(iv) The advantages of proton transfer dye laser are:,
	(v) Pulsed lasers are used in and the main requirement for lase
	generation are

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  - Energy levels in salicylamide as a proton transfer dye lasers (iii)
  - Energy diagram for flash photolysis operation (iv)
  - (v) Energy diagram of some possible processes in thermal lensing in detection of singlet oxygen



#### TANTA UNIVERSTIY - FACULTY OF SCIENCE - MATHEMATICS DEPARTMENT

#### EXAMINATION For 4TH LEVEL (CHM-ZOOLOGY/ENTOMOLGY)

COURSE TITLE: Biostatistics (ST4107)

DATE: 14 January 2018

TERM: First

**TOTAL ASSESSMENT MARKS: 50** 

TIME ALLOWED: 2 Hours

#### Answer the following questions:

Q1: A national company owns a chain of laboratories at which routine chemical tests are carried out. A junior analyst is employed at one of these laboratories. In order to check his accuracy the senior analyst retested 6 samples chosen at random from amongst those analyzed by this junior. The results were as follows:



Sample	1	2	3	4	5	6
Senior	8.51	14.70	3.59	7.63	5.55	4.57
Junior	8.62	13.97	4.07	7.97	5.83	4.62

Test at 5% level of significance, whether there is a difference between the sets of results. (12 Mark)

Q2: A researcher believes that in recent years women have been getting taller. She knows that from many years ago the average height of young adult women living in her city was 63 inches. She randomly samples 8 young adult women currently residing in her city and measures their heights. The following data are obtained:

64	66	68	65	60	67	65	63

Do you think that the researcher is correct in her believe? Use  $\alpha = 0.05$ .

(12 Mark)

Q3: Consider the contingency table below of observed values in a sample of 50 individual. Test at  $\alpha = 0.05$ , is there a dependency between the gender and blood type (13 Mark)

_	A	В	AB	0
Male	10	10	15	5
Female	15	5	5	35

Q4: Three detergents Tide, Oxi, Persil in the process of cleaning action on the basis of cleaning

degree are compared and the following data are collected: Use  $\alpha = 0.05$ ,

Tide	77	81	71	76	80
Oxi	72	58	74	66	70
Persil	76	85	82	80	77



Are the differences among the means of the three detergents significant?

(13 Mark)

#### You may use:

$$F_{0.05,2,9} = 4.26$$
,  $F_{0.05,7,11} = 3.01$ ,  $F_{0.025,7,11} = 3.76$ ,  $F_{0.025,12,8} = 4.20$ ,  $t_{0.025,5} = 2.571$ ,  $t_{0.05,7} = 1.895$ ,  $\chi^2_{(0.05,2)} = 5.991$ ,  $\chi^2_{(0.05,3)} = 7.81$ ,  $F_{0.05,2,12} = 3.89$ ,  $t_{0.05,5} = 2.015$ 

WITH ALL MY BEST WISHES

DR.WAFAA ANWAR

EXAMINERS DR. WAFAA ANWAR ABD EL-LATIF PROF. MOHAMED MOHAMED EZZAT



1969		TANTA UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF SCIENCE				
	DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY					
	FINAL EXAMINATION FOR (FOURT YEAR) STUDENTS OF CHEMISTRY- ENTOMOLOGY					
	COURSE TITLE:	Apiculture	COURSE CODE: EN 4155			
DATE:	16 / 1/ 2018	TOTAL ASSESSMENT MARKS: 50	TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS			

# ملحوظة: الامتحان في صفحتين

#### Part: A (Total Marks: 25)

- 1- Write a short notes on the history and races of honey bee.(5 marks)
- 2- Discus the honey bee production (types and medical important). (5 marks)
- 3- Discus in Brief the role of dances in communication through the honey bee colony.(5 marks)
- 4- Viral and bacterial diseases of honey bee. (5 marks)
- 5- Hypopharyngeal gland: development and function through Life span of worker honey bee. (5marks)

# Section B (Total Marks: 25)

- Put true for the correct statements and false for the wrong statements:

   (1 mark each: 10 marks total)
   A. Field bees orient themselves with the sun and usually fly from early-morning to mid-afternoon.
   (1 mark each: 10 marks total)
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   (1 mark each: 10 marks total)

   B. The first equipment that beekeepers should consider purchasing is protective clothing.
   (1 mark each: 10 marks total)
   A. Field bees orient themselves with the sun and usually fly from early-morning to mid-afternoon.

   (2 mark each: 10 marks total)
  - C. Fermentation occurs when honey moisture levels exceed 20 %. ( )

# TANTA UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF SCIENCE DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY FINAL EXAMINATION FOR (FOURT YEAR) STUDENTS OF CHEMISTRY- ENTOMOLOGY COURSE TITLE: Apiculture Course code: EN 4155 DATE: 16 / 1/ 2018 TOTAL ASSESSMENT MARKS: 50 TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS

ملحوظة: الامتحان في صفحتين

#### Part: A (Total Marks: 25)

- 1- Write a short notes on the history and races of honey bee.(5 marks)
- 2- Discus the honey bee production (types and medical important). (5 marks)
- 3- Discus in Brief the role of dances in communication through the honey bee colony.(5 marks)
- 4- Viral and bacterial diseases of honey bee. (5 marks)
- 5- Hypopharyngeal gland: development and function through
  Life span of worker honey bee. (5marks)

# Section B (Total Marks: 25)

- 1) Put true for the correct statements and false for the wrong statements: (1 mark each: 10 marks total)
  - A. Field bees orient themselves with the sun and usually fly from early-morning to mid-afternoon. ( )
  - B. The first equipment that beekeepers should consider purchasing is protective clothing. ( )
  - C. Fermentation occurs when honey moisture levels exceed 20 %. ( )

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